

ROGACHEVSKIY, N.; VINOKUROV, N.

Organization of train personnel. Zhil.-kom.khoz. 11 no.6:30  
Je '61. (MIRA 14:7)

1. Nachal'nik sluzhby dvizheniya Tramvayno-trolleybusnogo  
upravleniya, Kazan' (for Rogachevskiy). 2. Glavnyy inzhener  
Tramvayno-trolleybusnogo upravleniya, Kazan' (for Vinokurov).  
(Kazan—Street railways)

VINOKUROV, N.A. (g. Bugul'ma)

Pay more attention to the industrialization of sanitary-technological  
work. Stroi.pred.neft.prom.1 no.4:10-11 'Je '56. (MIRA 9:9)  
(Sanitary engineering)

h. 2

KHOL'NOVA. V.I.; KOVRIZHNYKH, V.G.; YELAGINA, Z.A.; Prinimali uchastiye:  
VINOKUROV, N.D.; ANDRIANOV, F.F.; ZAL'TSMAN, I.Ya.; VOLKOV,  
Ye.S.; VASILEVSKAYA, M.A.; KOMAROVA N.K.

Investigating large-size forgings made of the B93 alloy.  
Alium. splavy no.3:136-144 '64. (MIRA 17:6)

L 46988-66. EWT(m)/EWP(t)/ETI IJP(c) JD/JT  
 ACC NR: AT6024909 (A, N) SOURCE CODE: UR/2981/66/000/004/0021/0025

AUTHOR: Zal'tsman, I. Ya.; Grushko, O. Ye.; Semenov, A. Ye.; Zasyukin, V. A.;  
Vinokurov, N. D.; Kryukov, M. A.; Yevstyugin, A. P.; Bozhenok, I. V.

38  
 B+1

ORG: none

TITLE: Some aspects of the preparation of VAD23 alloy

SOURCE: Aluminiyevyye splavy, no. 4, 1966. Zharoprochnyye i vysokoprochnyye splavy  
 (Heat resistant and high-strength alloys), 21-25

TOPIC TAGS: aluminum alloy, copper containing alloy, lithium containing alloy, manga-  
nese containing alloy, cadmium containing alloy / VAD23 alloy

ABSTRACT: VAD23 alloy belongs to alloys of the Al-Cu-Li system with small admixtures of Mn and Cd. Because of the loss of lithium from the melt during the preparation of this alloy, the introduction of lithium (and cadmium) was carried out under a special flux consisting of a eutectic mixture of lithium and potassium chlorides. This flux was found to prevent the loss of lithium to a considerable extent; however, as the lithium content of the alloy increases, this protection becomes less effective. Particular attention must be paid to the quality of preparation of the flux and to the manner in which lithium is introduced into the melt (without disturbing the flux). The flux has the disadvantage of being hygroscopic because of the LiCl present in its composition, and therefore must be used only in the liquid or freshly-remelted state, the

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L 146988-66

ACC NR: AT6024909

liquid state being preferred. Refining of the alloy with gaseous chlorine after the addition of lithium insures the required purity of the ingots. Orig. art. has: 3 figures and 1 table.

SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: none/ ORIG REF: 001/ OTH REF: 001

Card 2/2

L 146987-66	ENP(k)/ENT(m)/ENP(t)/ETI	IJP(c)	JH/JD
ACC NR: AT6024910	(A, N)	SOURCE CODE: UR/2981/66/000/004/0026/0031	
AUTHOR: <u>Grushko, O. Ye.</u> ; <u>Zal'tsman, I. Ya.</u> ; <u>Vinokurov, N. D.</u> ; <u>Semenov, A. Ye.</u> ; <u>Zasyarkin, V. A.</u> ; <u>Kryukov, M. A.</u> ; <u>Yevstyugin, A. P.</u> ; <u>Bozhenok, I. V.</u>			
ORG: none			
TITLE: Process of casting <u>VAD23</u> -alloy ingots			
SOURCE: <u>Alyuminiyevyye splavy, no. 4, 1966.</u> Zharoprochnyye i vysokoprochnyye splavy (Heat resistant and high-strength alloys), 26-31			
TOPIC TAGS: metal casting, lithium containing alloy, aluminum alloy, copper containing alloy, <u>VAD23</u> <u>aluminum alloy</u>			
ABSTRACT: In elaborating a process for casting ingots from VAD23 alloy by the continuous method, the authors studied the casting properties (tendency to form hot and cold cracks) of this alloy, established the temperature conditions of the casting, and determined the methods of protecting the metal during transit from the mixer to the crystallizer and in the crystallizer. The chemical activity of lithium, which enters into the composition of the alloy, made it necessary to protect the alloy surface during transit. Two methods were tested for this purpose, involving the use of (1) sulfur dioxide and (2) a flux consisting of a eutectic mixture of lithium and potassium chlorides. Only the latter method gave satisfactory results. A temperature of 700-730°C was found to be optimal for casting. The quality of the ingots obtained was thoroughly			
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L 46987-66

ACC NR: AT6024910

checked by analyzing the structure of fractures, microstructure, density, liquation, and mechanical properties along the length and cross section of the ingot in the longitudinal and trasverse directions. The elaborated casting process, which includes protection of the metal with a liquid flux on the path from the mixer to the crystallizer, produced good-quality ingots. Orig. art. has: 3 figures and 1 table.

SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: none/ ORIG REF: 002

*rw*  
Cord 2/2

LOKTIONOVA, N.A.; RASTVOROVA, N.M.; KOVRIZHEVYKH, V.G.; KUMAROVA, N.K.;  
TELIS, M.Ya.; DOBATKIN, V.I., rukovoditel' raboty; Prinimali  
uchastiye: VINOKUROV, N.G.; PONAGAYBO, Yu.N.; PERETYKINA, I.N.;  
BULGAKOV, G.F.; PYATUNINA, V.I.; TITKOV, S.M.; KALMYKOV, K.V.;  
BRASLAVSKIY, D.N.; VEYSMAN, S.Ya.; APER'YANOVA, N.H.;  
PANTYUSHKOVA, N.S.; PRIVEZENTSEVA, T.V.

Ways to reduce warping of large-size parts made of the  
AK4-1 alloy. Alium. splavy no.3:271-284 '64.

(MIRA 17:6)



VINOKUROV, N.Ye.; OKUNEVA, N.V.

Fogs in the Kiev region. Trudy Ukr NIMHI no.10:25-34 '59.  
(MIRA 13:5)

1. Aviameteorologicheskaya stantsiya v Grazhdanskom vozdushnom  
flote, Kiyev.  
(Kiev region--Fog)

VINOKUROV, N.Ye.; SEDYKH, A.V.

Microstructure of clouds and icing of airplanes according to observations over Kiev. Trudy Ukr. NIGMI no.7:100-106 '57. (MIRA 11:4)  
(Kiev--Clouds) (Kiev--Airplanes--Ice prevention)

VINOKUROV, P. (g.Leningrad); KHYUCHKIN, F., ratsionalizator, pensioner  
(g.Leningrad)

With assistance of active workers. Izobri.i rats. no.6:28  
Ja '59. (MIRA 12:9)

1. Predsedatel' soveta Vsesoyuznogo obshchestva izobretateley  
i ratsionalizatorov Kirovskogo zavoda (for Vinokurov).  
(Leningrad--Efficiency, Industrial)

VINOKUROV, P.

Introduced in 14 days. Izobr. i rats. no. 2:52 P '61. (MIRA 14:2)

1. Predsedatel' soveta Vsesoyuznogo obshchestva izobretateley i  
ratsionalizatorov Kirovskogo zavoda, g. Leningrad.  
(Leningrad—Machinery industry)

VINOKUROV, P.; CHMPURNYY, V., kand.tekhn.nauk

Novikov's gears used in automobile transmissions. Avt.transp.  
38 no.3:37-38 Mr '60. (MIRA 13:6)  
(Automobiles--Transmission devices)

VINOKUROV, P.D.

DECEASED 1956

Medicine

See ILC

VINOKUROV, P.K., GUTKIN, Ye.S.

Weathered surface and its association with the bauxites of the  
Northern Urals. Geol. rud. mestorozh. no.1:114-119 Ja-F '60.  
(MIRA 13:7)

1. Institut geologii rudnykh mestorozhdeniy, petrografii, mineralogii i geokhimii AN SSSR, Moskva i Severoural'skaya boksitovaya ekspeditsiya.  
(Ural Mountains--Bauxite) (Weathering)

VINOKUROV, P.P. [Vynokurov, P.P.]

Using bulldozers for manure loading. Makh.sil'.hosp. 11 no.1:  
15 Ja 60. (MIRA 13:4)

1. Direktor Kalanchatskoy remontno-traktornoy stantsii, Khersonskoy  
oblasti.  
(Farm manure) (Bulldozers)



VINOKUROV, Patr Stepanovich; PAVLOV, G.M., red.; SHENTSI, Ye.M.,  
red.; IL'YUSHENKOVA, T.P., tekhn. red.

[Technical maintenance of punched card machines; auxiliary  
equipment] Tekhnicheskoe obsluzhivanie schetno-perforatsionnykh  
mashin; vspomogatel'noe oborudovanie. Moskva, Gosstatizdat,  
1961. 399 p. (MIRA 15:6)

(Punched card systems)

VINOKUROV, Petr Stepanovich; USTIYANTS, V.A., red.; IL'YUSHENKOVA,  
T.P., tekhn. red.; PYATAKOVA, N.D., ~~tekhn.~~ red.

[Maintenance of T-5 and T-5M tabulating machines] Tekhnicheskoe obsluzhivanie tabulirov T-5 i T5M. Moskva, Gosstatizdat, 1962. 391 p. (MIRA 16:4)  
(Tabulating machines--Maintenance and repair)

VINOKUROV, S.

New method of float observations during the spring debacle. *Rech.*  
transp. 21 no.2:52-53 F '62. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Nachal'nik ruslovoy izyskatel'skoy partii Volzhskogo basseynovogo  
upravleniya puti.  
(Ice on rivers, lakes, etc.) (Stream measurements)

VINOKUROV, S.  
SAGAYDAK, I. (Karaganda); SVITSUNOV, A. (Chelyabinsk); VINOKUROV, S. (Tyumen');  
SOEBRYAKOV, N. (Arkhangel'sk)

They fulfill their duty. Pozh.delo 3 no.8:21-22 Ag '57.

(MLRA 10:8)

(Fire prevention)

VINOKUROV, R.Ye.

Some notes on the type of ground bench marks. Geod. 1 kart.  
no. 22-23 0 '60. (MIRA 13:12)  
(Bench marks)

VINOKUROV, S. (Tyuman')

Efficient extinction of a fire with special problems. Pozh.delo.  
4 no.12:15 D '58. (MIRA 11:12)

(Fire extinction)



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28340

S/124/61/000/006/019/027  
A005/A130

AUTHOR: Vinokurov, S.G.

TITLE: One form of equations of thermoelasticity

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Mekhanika, no. 6, 1961, 3, abstract 6 V 15.  
(Tr. Kazansk. s.-kh. in-ta, 1958, v. 1, no. 37, 115 - 125)

TEXT: The author discusses the possibility of subdividing the stress tensor

$$\sigma^{ik} = \lambda g^{ik} \epsilon + 2\mu \epsilon^{ik} + g^{ik} \beta t,$$

$$(\epsilon = g_{ik} \epsilon^{ik}, \beta = -\frac{E\alpha}{1-2\nu})$$

( $\alpha$  is the linear expansion coefficient,  $g_{ik}$  is the metric tensor) into the auxiliary stress tensor  $\sigma_o^{ik}$  connected with the total deformation by the ordinary Hook law and the tensor of thermal pressure  $\sigma_*^{ik} = g^{ik} \beta t$ . Such a subdivision aims at separating the thermal load in explicit form, which facilitates the application of variation methods. The deformation energy is also subdivided into two parts, and it is noted that the factor 1/2 must be omitted if computing the deformation energy according to the tensor of thermal pressure. Solutions are

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One form of equations of thermoelasticity

28340 S/124/61/000/006/019/027  
A005/A130

considered of problems involving large deflections of annular and quadratic plates uniformly loaded by a distributed load. The temperature of the plates is assumed to vary linearly over their thickness; the contours of the plates are assumed to be supported tiltingly or rigidly for quadratic and annular plates, respectively.

V. Prokopov

[Abstracter's notes: Complete translation.]

X

Card 2/2

S/124/61/000/009/023/058  
D234/D303

AUTHOR: Vinokurov, S.G.

TITLE: Variational equation of thermoelastic equilibrium of bodies

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Mekhanika, no. 9, 1961, 3, abstract 9 V18 (Tr. Kazansk. s.-kh. in-ta, 1959 (1960), no. 42, 35-37)

TEXT: The variational equation of thermoelastic equilibrium is represented in the following form (summation with respect to repeated indices):

$$\delta \left[ \int_V \left( \frac{1}{2} \sigma_{ik} \varepsilon_{ik} - \frac{\alpha E T}{1 - 2\nu} \varepsilon_{ii} \right) d\tau - \int_V F \delta u d\tau - \int_S F_n \delta u d\sigma \right] = 0$$

where  $\sigma_{ik} = \lambda \varepsilon_{ii} + 2\mu \varepsilon_{ik}$  is the stress tensor (at a temperature which is constant over the volume of the body),  $\varepsilon_{ik}$  the deformation

Card 1/2

Variational equation...

S/124/61/000/009/023/058  
D234/D303

tensor,  $\epsilon_{ii}$  the volume dilatation,  $P$  the volume forces,  $F_n$  - the surface forces,  $u$  - the vector of displacement,  $dV$  the volume element,  $do$  - the element of the surface of the volume. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

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Card 2/2

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35703  
S/124/62/000/003/045/052  
D237/D302

AUTHOR: Vinokurov, S.G.

TITLE: Theory of bending of a cylindrical panel in a non-uniform temperature field

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, no. 3, 1962, 14, abstract 3V79 (Izv. Kazansk. fil. AN SSSR, Ser. Fiz.-matem. i tekhn. n., 1960, no. 14, 93 - 95)

TEXT: The variational Lagrange equation is applied to the problem of large deflection of a sloping circular cylindrical panel, under a uniformly distributed transverse load  $q$ . Temperature of the panel is assumed constant, and varying linearly with respect to the thickness. The relations between the deflection of the panel in the center, load intensity and temperature, are obtained for the hinged and fixed contours. [Abstractor's note: Complete translation].

Card 1/1

*Vinokurov, S. G.*

124-1957-10-11909

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1957, Nr 10, p 101 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Vinokurov, S. G.

TITLE: Large Deflections of a Round Plate Resting on Hinges. Application of Galerkin's Method to the Solution of the Problem (Primeneniye metoda Galerkina k resheniyu zadachi o bolshikh progibakh krugloy sharnirno opertoy plastinki)

PERIODICAL: Izv. Kazansk. fil. AN SSSR, ser. fiz.-matem. i tekhn. n., 1956, Nr 10, pp 57-61

ABSTRACT: The article covers the problem of large deflections of a round plate under a transverse uniformly distributed load. The plate is heated in such a way that the temperature varies linearly along the thickness of the plate. The well-known differential equations are compiled, solutions of which are performed by means of the Bubnov-Galerkin method. A relationship between the deflection and the transverse loading and temperature is obtained.

V. I. Feodos'yev

Card 1/1

VINOGRADOV, S.G.

Using Galerkin's method for solving problems of *great flexures*  
of a hinge-supported circular plate. Izv. Kazan. fil. AN SSSR. Ser.  
fiz.-mat. i tekhn. nauk no. 10:57-61 '56. (MLRA 10:8)

1. Fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut Kazanskogo filiala AN SSSR.  
(Elastic plates and shells) (Flexure)

VINOKUROV, S.G.

Stresses due to temperature in plates and shells. Izv. Kazan. fil. AN  
SSSR. Ser. fiz.-mat. i tekhn. nauk no. 3:18-38 '53. (MLRA 7:12)  
(Elastic plates and shells)

VINOKUROV, S. G., Lt Col

Listed as author of article, "Adjusting Range in Ricochet Firing," which appeared in Artilleriyskiy Zhurnal, No 8, 1954. Sovetskaya Armiya, Group of Soviet Forces, Germany, 18 Aug 54

SO: SUM 291, 2 Dec 1954



VINOKUROV, S.G.

4

7740 AEC-tr-2272

THERMAL STRESSES IN PLATES AND SHELLS. S. G.

Vinokurov. Translated from Izvest. Kazan. Fiziko-Matem.  
Nauk. S.S.S.R. Ser. Fiziko-Matemat. i Tekh. Nauk, No. 3,  
18-38(1954). 23p. Available from Associated Technical  
Services (Trans. 9605R), East Orange, N. J.

By introducing an auxiliary stress transformation was  
made of the equations of elastic theory of a three-dimensional  
body—the equations of the theory of shells in generalized  
coordinates and in lines of curvature. Examples are given

of the application of Galerkin's method and the method of  
energy to the solution of non-linear problems in elastic  
theory which involve a non-uniform temperature distribu-  
tion. (auth)

VINOKUROV, S.G.

4

Vinokurov, S. G. Thermal stresses in plates and shells.

Izv. Kazan. Filial. Akad. Nauk SSSR. Ser. Fiz.-Mat.

Tekhn. Nauk 3, 18-38 (1953). (Russian)

1 - F/7

The preliminary part of this paper gives a general formulation in tensor notation of the equations governing thermal stresses in thin elastic plates and shells. In the remaining part of the paper the solution is given of certain problems associated with a circular plate for which no edge displacement, in either the radial or transverse directions, is permitted. First, an exact analysis is given of the effect on free transverse vibrations due to a uniform change in temperature. Second, Galerkin's method is applied to discuss the behaviour under uniform transverse load when a constant temperature difference is maintained across the plate thickness. In each of these cases the plate is supposed built-in at its edge. Third, an energy method is applied to discuss the behaviour under uniform transverse load with a uniform change in temperature. In this case the plate is supposed simply-supported at its edge.

H. G. Hopkins.

esp for

Vinogradov, S. M.

Elasticity and Plasticity, Shells and Plates (3659)

Izv. Kazansk. Filial. AN SSSR, Seriya Fiz-Mat i Tekhn. Nauk, No. 3, 1953, pp 1-38

Temperature Stresses in Shells and Plates

The general equation of the theory of elasticity and the theory of thin shells is transposed in the case of nonuniform heating by the introduction of complementary functions of stress. A number of examples are given.

SO: Referativnyi Zhurnal -- Mekhanika, No. 3, 1954 (4-36207)

Mathematical Reviews  
Vol. 14 No. 10  
November 1953  
Mechanics

Mustari, H. M. and Vinokurov, S. G. Determination of  
the stressed state for elastic equilibrium in the  
boundary zone of thin shells of certain types.

Izvestiya Kazan Filial. Akad. Nauk SSSR. Ser. Fiz.-  
Mat. Tehn. Nauk 1, 9-24 (1948). (Russian)

The authors present the application of Mustari's theory  
for finding the stresses in the boundary zone of shells  
/Akad. Nauk SSSR. Prikl. Mat. Meh. 12, 129-136 (1948); these  
Rev. 9, 547/. This paper begins with a summary of the general  
theory, introduces certain simplifications and gives an  
estimate of errors due to these simplifications. The theory  
is applied to the following shells: (a) shells of revolution  
with a spherical shell as a special case; (b) an elliptic cone.  
The construction of a stress function for boundary zones of  
shells is also presented.

T. Leser.

EH  
5/26/54

VINOGRADOV, S.G.

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/6206 25

Konferentsiya po teorii plastin i obolochek. Kazan', 1960.

Trudy Konferentsii po teorii plastin i obolochek, 24-29 oktyabrya 1960. (Transactions of the Conference on the Theory of Plates and Shells Held in Kazan', 24 to 29 October 1960). Kazan', [Izd-vo Kazanskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta] 1961. 426 p. 1000 copies printed.

Sponsoring Agency: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Kazanskiy filial. Kazanskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet im. V. I. Ul'yanova-Lenina.

Editorial Board: Kh. M. Mushtari, Editor; F. S. Isanbayeva, Secretary; N. A. Alomyae, V. V. Bolotin, A. S. Vol'mik, N. S. Ganiyev, A. L. Gol'denveyzer; N. A. Kil'chevskiy, M. S. Kornishin, A. I. Lur'ye, G. N. Savin, A. V. Sachenkov, I. V. Svirskiy, R. G. Surkin, and A. P. Filippov. Ed.: V. I. Aleksagin; Tech. Ed.: Yu. P. Semenov.

PURPOSE: The collection of articles is intended for scientists and engineers who are interested in the analysis of strength and stability of shells.

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SOV/6206

75

Transactions of the Conference (Cont.)

COVERAGE: The book is a collection of articles delivered at the Conference on Plates and Shells held in Kazan' from 24 to 29 October 1960. The articles deal with the mathematical theory of plates and shells and its application to the solution, in both linear and nonlinear formulations, of problems of bending, static and dynamic stability, and vibration of regular and sandwich plates and shells of various shapes under various loadings in the elastic and plastic regions. Analysis is made of the behavior of plates and shells in fluids, and the effect of creep of the material is considered. A number of papers discuss problems associated with the development of effective mathematical methods for solving problems in the theory of shells. Some of the reports propose algorithms for the solution of problems with the aid of electronic computers. A total of one hundred reports and notes were presented and discussed during the conference. The reports are arranged alphabetically (Russian) by the author's name.

Card 2/14

SOV/6206

Transactions of the Conference (Cont.)

Vinokurov, S. G. Large Deflections of a Conical Panel in a Temperature Field	66
Gavrilov, Yu. V. Investigation of the Spectrum of Natural Vibrations of Elastic Circular Cylindrical Shells	72
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Galimov, K. Z. On the Theory of Finite Deformations of Thin Shells	83
Galkin, S. I. Torsion of a Circular Stiffened Cylindrical Shell With a Reinforced Rectangular Opening, Making Allowance for the Elasticity of the Frames	92
Ganeyeva, M. S. Large Deflections of a Rectangular Plate Under Uniform Normal Pressure and Nonuniform Heating	101

Card 5/14

12

Determination of vitamin C and the influence of technological treatment on its preservation in cabbage. S. G. Vinokurov, M. M. Ridelman and M. L. Butom. *Akharhor State Med. Inst. Jubilee J.* 1935, 142-61. -- Food exts. should always be treated with  $H_2S$  before titration with indophenol in vitamin C detns. From 40 to 70% of the C content passed into  $H_2O$  when cabbage was cooked for 30 min. Cooking for longer periods involved heavy losses of C. B. C. A.

ASD-SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION



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BC

a-4

Determination of vitamin-C and the influence of technological treatment on its preservation in cabbage. S. G. VINOKUROV, M. M. EIDELMAN, and M. L. BUKHAROV. *Trudy Inst. Jablono*, J., 1955, 142-151. Food extracts should always be treated with H<sub>2</sub>O before titration with indophenol in vitamin-C determinations. 40-70% of the -C content passed into H<sub>2</sub>O when cabbage was cooked for 30 min. Cooking for longer periods involved heavy losses of -C. NUTR. Abs. (m)

ASB-SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

1950-1959 1960-1969 1970-1979 1980-1989 1990-1999 2000-2009 2010-2019 2020-2029 2030-2039 2040-2049 2050-2059 2060-2069 2070-2079 2080-2089 2090-2099 2100-2109 2110-2119 2120-2129 2130-2139 2140-2149 2150-2159 2160-2169 2170-2179 2180-2189 2190-2199 2200-2209 2210-2219 2220-2229 2230-2239 2240-2249 2250-2259 2260-2269 2270-2279 2280-2289 2290-2299 2300-2309 2310-2319 2320-2329 2330-2339 2340-2349 2350-2359 2360-2369 2370-2379 2380-2389 2390-2399 2400-2409 2410-2419 2420-2429 2430-2439 2440-2449 2450-2459 2460-2469 2470-2479 2480-2489 2490-2499 2500-2509 2510-2519 2520-2529 2530-2539 2540-2549 2550-2559 2560-2569 2570-2579 2580-2589 2590-2599 2600-2609 2610-2619 2620-2629 2630-2639 2640-2649 2650-2659 2660-2669 2670-2679 2680-2689 2690-2699 2700-2709 2710-2719 2720-2729 2730-2739 2740-2749 2750-2759 2760-2769 2770-2779 2780-2789 2790-2799 2800-2809 2810-2819 2820-2829 2830-2839 2840-2849 2850-2859 2860-2869 2870-2879 2880-2889 2890-2899 2900-2909 2910-2919 2920-2929 2930-2939 2940-2949 2950-2959 2960-2969 2970-2979 2980-2989 2990-2999 3000-3009 3010-3019 3020-3029 3030-3039 3040-3049 3050-3059 3060-3069 3070-3079 3080-3089 3090-3099 3100-3109 3110-3119 3120-3129 3130-3139 3140-3149 3150-3159 3160-3169 3170-3179 3180-3189 3190-3199 3200-3209 3210-3219 3220-3229 3230-3239 3240-3249 3250-3259 3260-3269 3270-3279 3280-3289 3290-3299 3300-3309 3310-3319 3320-3329 3330-3339 3340-3349 3350-3359 3360-3369 3370-3379 3380-3389 3390-3399 3400-3409 3410-3419 3420-3429 3430-3439 3440-3449 3450-3459 3460-3469 3470-3479 3480-3489 3490-3499 3500-3509 3510-3519 3520-3529 3530-3539 3540-3549 3550-3559 3560-3569 3570-3579 3580-3589 3590-3599 3600-3609 3610-3619 3620-3629 3630-3639 3640-3649 3650-3659 3660-3669 3670-3679 3680-3689 3690-3699 3700-3709 3710-3719 3720-3729 3730-3739 3740-3749 3750-3759 3760-3769 3770-3779 3780-3789 3790-3799 3800-3809 3810-3819 3820-3829 3830-3839 3840-3849 3850-3859 3860-3869 3870-3879 3880-3889 3890-3899 3900-3909 3910-3919 3920-3929 3930-3939 3940-3949 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9950-9959 9960-9969 9970-9979 9980-9989 9990-9999

COMMON ELEMENTS										PROCESSING AND PROPERTY INDEX										COMMON VARIABLE INDEX									
<p>Elimination of acetone bodies as a result of excessive meat rations. S. I. Vinogradov and R. S. Mendel'son. <i>Voprosy Pitaniya</i> 3, No. 4, 137-44(1936).—With meat diets of 800 g. daily, the body gradually adjusts itself as shown by decreasing elimination of acetone bodies. The increased utilization of acetone bodies is a special case of adaptation. On prolonged feeding with high meat diets, the body "tires" of its adaptation and elimination of high acetone bodies again begins. F. H. Rathmann</p>																													
<p>ASA-11A METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION</p>																													
<p>GROUPS</p>										<p>PROPERTY INDEX</p>										<p>COMMON VARIABLE INDEX</p>									

Creatinuria after ingestion of meat during the exhaustion of carbohydrate supplies in the organism. S. I. Vinokurov, and Yu. A. Trotskiy. *Izvest. Biokhim. Zhur.* 9, 683-9 (in Russian 1949, in English 500 1) (1950). When carbohydrate expended by the organism is provided by the carbohydrate of the ration, the ingestion of meat (500 g. of boiled meat) did not produce creatinuria or produced it for only a short time and to a slight degree. When the carbohydrate supplies were exhausted, meat ingestion caused considerable creatinuria. F. R. S.

100 AND 200 ORDERS

PROCESSING AND PROPERTIES INDEX

11f

ca

The effect of temperature factors on the ascorbic and dehydroascorbic acid contents in tissues. S. J. Kurek. *Biochem. J.* 11, 88 (1948) in Russian 164-172; in English 102 (1948). In mice overheating or cooling leads to a sharp decline in the ascorbic acid content in the liver, kidneys and brain; the decline is sharpest in the liver and least in the brain. At the same time the contents of dehydroascorbic acid and the ratio dehydroascorbic acid: ascorbic acid increase. These facts are considered as an argument in favor of recognizing dehydroascorbic acid as a transitional product of ascorbic acid metabolism in the animal organism. P. E. S.

ASAC-3LA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

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100 AND 200 ORDERS

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11F

Reduction of dehydroascorbic acid by the liver in connection with ascorbic acid decomposition in rats. S. J. Vinokurov and M. L. Butom. *Biochem. J. (Ukraine)* 12: 531-54 (in Russian, 534-8; in English, 508-71) (1938).

-When rats are cooled ( $-5^{\circ}$  to  $+4^{\circ}$ ) the ascorbic acid content of the liver is greatly reduced. On the supposition that this may be due to the loss of reducing power of the liver, the authors incubated dehydroascorbic acid with liver pulp from normal and cooled rats. The pulp of cooled rats had only  $1/3$  of the reducing power of that of normal rats. This was due to a fall in the reduced glutathione content of the liver of rats after cooling. Addn. of reduced glutathione increased the reducing power of the pulp. The dehydroascorbic acid which failed to become reduced did not break down further. R.L.

ASAC 15.4 METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

11E

CT

Hypervitaminosis C and the reduction of dehydroascorbic acid in the liver. S. I. Vlasov, *Acta Med. U. S. S. R.*, 616-21(1939)(in German); *id.* C. A. 33, 8047; Felix Saunders.

ASSOCIATED METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

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99	100

The formation of dehydroascorbic acid by the decomposition of ascorbic acid in the animal organism. S. A. Karjala, and M. L. Hutton. *Bull. biol. med. appl.* 1959, 7, 184 (1959) (in German). - The ascorbic acid (I) content of the mouse falls from the normal of 11.2 mg. % to 7.5 mg. % when the animal is kept at -2° to +1° for 6-10 hrs. The amts. of I and dehydroascorbic acid (II) in the liver, as detd. by means of ascorbinase, were 30 and 2 mg. %, resp., in normal and 10 and 8 mg. %, resp., in cooled mice. The contents of I and II in rat liver before autolysis at 10-20° for 24 hrs. were 10.7 and 0.4 mg. %, resp., and 4.0 and 2.4 mg. %, resp., after autolysis. The increase in II depends upon the pH. In phosphate buffer the greatest increase in 6-18 hrs. was found at pH 4.5-6. At pH 7-7.5 the amt. of I decreases but no increase in II was observed. Conclusion: II is a side product of I decompn. in the animal organism. S. A. Karjala



*ca*

Processes and Properties Index

Dehydrating capacity of hepatic tissue and the reduction of dehydroascorbic acid during cooling of the animals. S. I. Vinokurov and O. A. Sidorkova. *Biochem. J.* (Ukraine) 19, No. 2-3, 361-6 (in Russian, 360; in English, 367) (1940).-- The cooling of rats caused a reduction of the dehydrating capacity of the liver tissue at the expense of the thermolabile part of the dehydrogenase system. The thermostable co-dehydrogenase and enzymes did not change and the boiled tissues and normal and cooled rats caused an equal acceleration of methylene blue decoloration time, when added to the liver tissue. Simultaneously there was also a drop in the reduction of the added dehydroascorbic acid. Whether the two phenomena are related will be the subject of the next investigation. B. Gutof.

ASD-SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

FROM SYNDICATE

SECTION MAP ONLY ONE

STONEONE

FROM BOWLING

RELIST ONE ONLY 181

11E

CA

PROCESSES AND PROPERTIES

Reduction of dehydroascorbic acid in the liver and the vitamin C supply of the body. S. I. Vinokurny, V. A. Shulovich and M. L. Butom. *Topichy Pitaniya* 6, No. 3, 24-8(1940).—Avitaminosis C or hypovitaminosis C in guinea pigs is accompanied by diminished reduction of dehydroascorbic acid in the liver. Fasting has a like result in guinea pigs but not in rats. The effect is prevented in fasting guinea pigs by giving vitamin C. No direct relation could be observed between the diminished reduction and the glutathione content of guinea-pig livers. Julian F. Smith

ASB-51.6 METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

A-1

**Dehydrogenating power of liver. Reduction of dehydroascorbic acid in cooled animals.** S. I. Vinogradov and O. A. Shcherova (*Ukrain. Biochem. J.*, 1966, 38, 808--807; cf. A. 1966, III, 807).—The diminution of power to reduce added dehydroascorbic acid that their liver undergoes when rats are cooled is accompanied by a change in the thermostable part of the dehydrogenase system. The thermostable part is not affected since the boiled liver pulp of cooled rats does not differ from that of untreated rats with respect to the rate at which it decolorizes methylene-blue. W. McC.

*ca*

Conversion of dehydroascorbic acid to ascorbic acid by human liver. S. I. Vinokurov and A. I. Silakova (Kafedry Biokhimii Meditsinskogo Inst., Kiev). *Izvestiya Akad. Nauk Ukr. SSR Ser. Biol. Med. Nauki*, No. 3, 65 R(1944).—Liver tissue was obtained 24-48 hrs. after death from the dead bodies of healthy people (criminal autopsies) and from bodies of people who died from diseases. The capacity of converting dehydroascorbic acid was measured by the increase in the ascorbic acid content at the expense of aided dehydroascorbic acid. Ascorbic acid was determined by the method of Birch, Harris, and Ray (*C.A.* 27, 4800). The liver tissue from the previously healthy people was capable of converting considerable quantities of dehydroascorbic acid. The conversion of dehydroascorbic acid by the liver tissue obtained from people who died from various diseases, such as tuberculosis, croup, or pneumonia, decreased sharply.  
1. Thiamin

11 F

COMMON ELEMENTS  
COMMON VARIABLE ELEMENTS

ASM-SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

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JUN 19 1964  
FBI - NEW YORK

VINOKUROV, S. I.

Chemical Abst.  
Vol. 48 no. 8  
Apr. 25, 1954  
Biological Chemistry

②

The reducing substances of germinating beans and the reduction of dehydroascorbic acid. S. I. Vinokurov (Med. Inst., Kiev). *Ukrain. Biokhim. Zhur.* 15, 181-9 (in Russian, 189-90; in English, 190-1) (1946).—Data are given for the occurrence and properties of reducing substances during the germination of bean seeds in which occurs an accumulation of ascorbic acid. The appearance of reducing substances is proved by elec. measurements of the oxidation-reduction properties of phosphate-buffered exts. (pH 8.9) of bean seeds by means of polarized electrodes according to Chagoviets (C.A. 32, 9218<sup>4</sup>). The more pronounced the reducing properties, the more rapid the depolarization of the polarized anode, and the slower the loss of the neg. charge of the polarized cathode. Three days after the seeds have been placed in a moist environment, the depolarization of the anode becomes more extensive by the exts., in comparison to nongerminating seeds; but the cathode potential remains const. at a low value. This can also be found by the discoloration (reduction) of indicators; indigo carmine ( $E_{11} - 125$  mv.) is decolorized only by exts. from germinating beans, whereas methylene blue ( $E_{11} + 11$  mv.) is decolorized by both kinds of exts. The reducing substances are thermally unstable and do not dialyze through a colloid membrane. The exts. reduce dehydroascorbic acid 2.5 times as fast as the ones from nongerminating beans. They must contain enzymes because the reduction is inhibited by tannin, which is a typical inhibitor of vegetable dehydrogenases; this can be shown in a Thunberg expt. W. J.

1ST AND 2ND ORDER										3RD AND 4TH ORDER									
<p>CH</p> <p>17</p> <p>Simplified method of fortifying petrolatum and fats with carotene. S. I. Vinogradov and R. S. Kogan (Ukrainian Nutrition Inst., Kiev). <i>Parazitny</i> 18, No. 1, 31-2 (1947).--Carotene is extd. from potato leaves, nettles, beets and elder seedlings with fish oil or petrolatum, e.g., 3 successive extrs. of pine needles with 15 parts petrolatum (1 part fresh needles each time), 40 min. at 70°. Stripped moist leaves rapidly lose carotene; dry leaves retain 70-80% after 6 months in storage. In exts. carotene stability is apparently related to peroxide no.; observed losses in 3 months and the corresponding peroxide nos. were: fish oil 46%, 0.8; sunflower-seed oil 18%, 0.3; petrolatum 7%, 0.01. Carotenized petrolatum is suggested for treating burns, soft granulation in wounds and Orr's inflammatory osteomyelitis. J. P. S.</p>																			
<p>ASB-SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION</p>																			
<p>1ST AND 2ND ORDER</p>										<p>3RD AND 4TH ORDER</p>									

**Stimulation of biosynthesis of ascorbic acid in injured potato tubers.** S.L. Vinokurov and G. Ya. Kaznachey (Ukrainian Nutrition Inst., Kiev). *Biokhimiya* 12, 350-5 (1947); cf. C.A. 38, 5907; 41, 2776i. —About 10 g. of cut potatoes, 1.2-1.5 g. per slice, and 3-5 mm. thick, was placed under a bell jar (vol. 23 l.) in 8 open dishes, including a dish of 25 g. ground garlic. In the presence of the garlic vapors, the ascorbic acid content of the injured potato tubers increased up to 81% as compared to the control. An analogous stimulating effect was observed when the garlic was replaced with H<sub>2</sub>S. These S compounds act by suppressing the oxidative systems which would ordinarily destroy the ascorbic acid. H. Priestley

11. Priestley

ASB.SLA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

**CIA-RDP86-00513R001860010020-3"**

VINOKUROV, S. I.

USSR/Medicine - Ascorbic Acid  
Medicine - Biosynthesis

Jun/Aug 1947

"On the Stimulation of the Biosynthesis of Ascorbic  
Acid in Injured Potato Tubers," S.I. Vinokurov, R. Ya  
Kaznachev, Vitamin Laboratory of the Ukrainian In-  
stitute of Nutrition, Kiev, 6 pp

"Biokhimiya" Vol XXI, No 4

Garlic volatiles, containing sulfide and sulfoxide  
compounds as well as  $H_2S$ , stimulate biosynthesis of  
ascorbic acid in injured potato tubers.

21T100



CA 11/2

PROCESSES AND PROPERTIES

Biochemical characteristics of antibiotics of higher plants. I. Inhibition of some oxidation processes, which are catalysed by heavy metals, by phytoncides of onion and garlic. S. I. Vinokurov, L. M. Brons, and S. E. Korsak *Izv. Akad. Nauk SSSR Ser. Khim. Nauk*, 1947, 23, 296-300(1947).—The effect of active substances of onion and garlic on peroxidase of blood was studied by Simakov's chromometric method (C.A. 40, 1901<sup>9</sup>). The speed of decolorization of indigo carmine was used as the criterion of the activity of peroxidase. In the presence of aq. ext. or paste of onion or garlic the activity of blood peroxidase (of man) was reduced. In the case of garlic less ext. was necessary to cause considerable reduction in peroxidase activity. Intensification of vital processes in the beginning of addn. could not be explained. Reduction of the activity in the later stages may be partly due to the presence of traces of metal in the enzymes. The study of the effect of active substances on the oxidation of ascorbic acid was used as an example of fermentation catalysis by ions of heavy metal, e.g. Cu in distd. H<sub>2</sub>O. Addn. of aq. ext. from garlic to amylase and pepsin free from heavy metals did not decrease the activity of these enzymes, while the activity of peroxidase decreased 70%. W. R. Eichler

ASB-SEA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

SEARCHED INDEXED

1947

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VINOKUROV, S. I.

From the Russian for Dr. Julian Kanfer

Ukrainskii Biokhimicheskii Zhurnal,  
20, 2: 266-268, 1948.

Splitting of diketogulonic acid in the tissues of the animal organism  
by

S. I. Vinokurov and L. N. Kuznetsova  
(Institute of Biochemistry of the UkrSSR Academy of Sciences, Kiev)

Translated at the National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, Maryland  
Full translation available in [REDACTED]/M.

NIKONOV, V.A.; VINOKUROV, S.I., professor, zaveduyushchiy.

Effect of protein deficiency in nutrition on the reduction of dehydroascorbic acid in hepatic tissue. Vop.pit. 12 no.3:46-49 My-Je '53.  
(MLBA 6:6)

1. Kafedra biokhimii ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni meditsinskogo instituta imeni A.A. Bogomol'tsa (Kiev). (Proteins) (Vitamins) (Liver)

VINOKUROV, S.I.; KHUKOVSKIY, L.I.

A.IA. Danilevskii and his work on problems of nutrition; on the 30th anniversary of his death. Vop.pit. 12 no.4:3-6 J1-Ag '53. (MLRA 6:10)

1. Kafedra biologicheskoy khimii ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni meditsinskogo instituta im. akademika A.A.Bogomol'tsa (Kiyev).  
(Danilevskii, Aleksandr Iakovlevich, 1839-1923) (Nutrition)

VINOKUROV, S.I., professor, zaveduyushchiy.

Mechanism of the effect of phytoncides of garlic, onion and certain other plants. Novosti med. no.34:31-34 '53. (MLRA 6:9)

1. Kafedra biokhimii Kiyevskogo ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni meditsinskogo instituta imeni akademika A.A.Bogomol'tsa.  
(Garlic--Therapeutic use) (Onions--Therapeutic use)

VINOKUROV, S.I.

"Vitamins." Part 1. Collection of works. Reviewed by S.I.Vinokurov.  
Ukr.biokhim.zhur. 26 no.2:213-215 '54. (MLRA 7:6)  
(Vitamins)

FD-3304

USSR/Medicine - Nutrition | VINOKUROV, Sergey Isayevich

Card 1/1      Pub. 141 - 19/19

Author      : Professor L. A. Cherkes

Title      : Sergey Isayevich Vinokurov [necrology]

Periodical   : Vop. pit., 61-62, Jul/Aug 1955

Abstract    : Outlines highlights in the life S. I. Vinokurov, former head of Chair  
of Biochemistry, Kiev Medical Institute, who died 2 March 1955 at the  
age of 56. No references.

Institution :

Submitted :

VINOKUROV, S.I. (Kiyev)

~~Mencki, Marceli~~ M.V.Nentskii. Vop.med.khim. 4:3-18 '52.  
(MIRA 11:4)

(MENCKI, MARCELI, 1847-1901)



VINOKUROV, S. O.

Mushtari, Kh. M. and Vinokurov, S. O. - "Heteromolecular strain in an elastic equilibrium in the frontier zone of certain types of thin membranes", Izvestiya Kazansk filiala (Akad. nauk SSSR), Seriya fiz.-matem. i tekhn. nauk, Issue 1, 1948, p. 9-24.

SO: U-3042, 11 March 53, (Ietoris 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 8, 1949).

VINOKUROV, S.P., inzh.

Rapid method for use in measuring operations. Rech. transp. 17  
no.8:45 Ag '58. (MIRA 11:10)

1. Nachal'nik ruslovy izyskatel'skoy partii Gor'kovskogo tekhnicheskoy uchastka puti.

(Hydrographic surveying)

VINOKUROV, S.V.

Immediate problems relative to the automation of industrial processes.  
Khleb. i kond. prom. 1 no. 5:32-33 My '57. (MIRA 10:6)  
(Confectionery)

VINOKUROV, V.I.; GUSTOV, Yu.A.

Distortion of the correlation function of a random signal during its passage through an amplifier with a nonlinear characteristic. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; prib. 8 no.3:17-22 '65.  
(MIRA 18:11)

1. Leningradskiy elektrotekhnicheskiy institut imeni Ul'yanova (Lenina). Rekomendovana kafedroy teoreticheskikh osnov radiotekhniki.



KURKIN, S.A., dots., kand.tekhn.nauk; VINOKUROV, V.A., inzh.

Volumetric welding stresses in very thick butt joints. Nauch.  
dokl.vys.shkoly; mash.i prib. no.1:124-134 ' 58.

(MIRA 12:1)

1. Predstavleno kafedroy "Svarochnoye proizvodstvo" Moskov-  
skogo vysshego tekhnicheskogo uchilishcha imeni N.K. Bauman.  
(Electric welding) (Strains and stresses)

18(7)

807/125-12-6-3/14

AUTHOR: Kurkin, S.A. and Fishkis, M.M.; Candidates of Technical Sciences, Vinokurov, V.A., Gazaryan A.S., Engineers

TITLE: Measuring of Deformation and Stress at the Welding of Elements with great Thickness made of St. 3

PERIODICAL: Avtomaticheskaya svarka, 1959, Vol 12, Nr 6 (75)  
pp 22-27 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The article presents the description of experiments on the definition of quantity and character of residual stress in steel-samples of great thickness, welded the "electric slag" way. The experiments were made by the welding laboratory of MVTU imeni Baumann, together with the Moscow automobile plant imeni Likhachev. The experiments were made to study: 1) The development of deformations in large size welded joints in course of time, 2) The field of residual stress in butt welds of elements with great thickness, 3) The taking down of residual stress by heat treatment. The deformations in course of time were produced by a mechanical press

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30V/125-12-6-3/14

Measuring of Deformation and Stress at the Welding of Elements  
with great Thickness made of St.3

with a strength of 3.5 thousand tons (fig. 1 and 2). The material of all samples was a low carbon steel of type "St 3" with following chemical compounds: 0.14-0.22% C, 0.40-0.65% Mn, 0.12-0.30% Si, not more than 0.055% S and less than 0.05% P. The mechanical qualities of the steel were:  $\sigma_k = 38-41 \text{ Kg/mm}^2$ ,  $\sigma_t = 24 \text{ Kg/mm}^2$  and  $\delta = 27\%$ . The experimental investigation of triaxial stress showed, that the theoretical calculation (Ref. 2) does not correspond with the results of the experiment. A deformation along the welds in not loaded constructions, made of elements of great thickness, during a considerable length of time (ca. 60 times within 2 months) was not observed. It is difficult to say anything about the possibilities of deformation over longer periods of time. The average stress  $\sigma_{\text{av}}$  in all bands of unannealed samples was not higher than  $300 \text{ Kg/cm}^2$  (Fig 3). There are 2 diagrams

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SOV/125-12-6-3/14

Measuring of Deformation and Stress at the Welding of Elements  
with great Thickness made of St. 3

1 graph, 1 equation and 7 references, 5 of which are  
Soviet and 2 English

ASSOCIATION: MVTU im. Baumana (MVTU imeni Bauman)(Kurkin, Vinokurov, Gazar-  
yan); avtozavod im. Likhacheva (Automobile Plant imeni Likhachev)(Fishkis).

SUBMITTED: February 25, 1959

Card 3/3

RABINOVICH, A., kand.tekhn.nauk; VINOKUROV, V., inzh.

Concerning V.N.Tkachev and M.S.Smolt's article "Build-up welding of  
cultivator sweeps using sormite and high-frequency currents." Trakt. i  
sel'khoz mash. 33 no.1:46-47 Ja '63. (MIRA 16:3)  
(Cultivators--Maintenance and repair) (Tkachev, V.N.) (Smolt, M.S.)

VINCENT, J.

Across two oceans and six seas. 17 to 14:15-17 J1 '57.

(MLRA 10:9)

(Feline boats) (Went to, 1945-1955-Naval operations)

VINOKUROV, V. (Leningrad).

Manufacturing warm footwear without stretching. Prom.koop.  
no.3:28-29 Mr '57. (MLRA 10:4)

1. Tekhnoruk arteli "Obuv'".  
(Shoe industry)

VINOKUROV, V., zootekhnik

Industrial fattening of sheep on beet pulp. Mias.ind.SSSR 26 no.2:  
51-53 '55. (MIRA 8:7)

1. Kazzagotskot. (Sheep—Feeding and feeding stuffs) (Sugar beets)

1. VINOKUROV, V. and FLORICH, F.
2. USSR (600)
4. Amurskain, Edspeditsia, 1850-1855
7. For the black stone. Znan,sila no. 11, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, March 1953. Unclassified.

VINCKUROV, V. A.

The role of the thoracic sympathetic in the transfer of afferent impulses in the lungs," Trudy Kuybyshevsk. gos. med. in-ta, Vol. I, 1948, p. 207-09

SO: U-2888, Letopis Zhurnal'nykh Statey, No. 1, 1949

VINOKUROV, V.A.

"On the regulation of respiratory movements", Report 5, M.V. Sergiyevskiy and N.M. Lopatina, "The significance of reflexes of the trachea and larynx for regulating respiratory movement". Report 6, M.V. Sergiyevskiy and V.A. Vinokurov, "The influence of the chest portion of the sympathetic nervous system on the respiratory reaction to the introduction of ammonia into the lungs", Report 8, V.A. Vinokurov, "On respiratory contractions of the muscles of the extremities". Report 11, N.A. Ostroumov, "Spinal-nerve respiratory centers of new-born and embryo mammals". Trudy Kyubyshevsk, gos. med. in-ta, Vol. II, 1948, p. 89-156.

SO: U-3042, 11 March 53, (Letopis 'nykh Statey, No. 9, 1949)



PA 16/49:72

USSR/Medicine - Nerves, Vagus, Surgery Jul/Aug 48  
Medicine - Nervous System, Sympathetic,  
Physiology

"The Problem of the Irradiation of Stimuli from the Respiratory Center Along the Central Nervous System: V, Effect of Afferent Impulses, Which are Conducted Along the Vagus, on the Irradiation of Stimuli from the Respiratory Center," V. A. Vinokurov, Lab of Aviation Med, Chair of Physiol, Mil Med Acad Imeni S. M. Kirov, 14 pp

"Fiziol Zhur SSSR" Vol XXXIV, No 4

Reports experiments on 229 dogs, rabbits, and

16/49:72

USSR/Medicine - Nerves, Vagus, Surgery Jul/Aug 48  
(Contd)

guinea pigs. Vagotomy facilitates irradiation of stimuli from the respiratory center, not only to muscles of the extremities but also to other skeletal muscles. Effect depends on the functional condition of the nervous system after the animals' nerves are severed. Severing of vagus at a time of increased stimulation of the central nervous system can lead to convulsions. Afferent impulses, conducted along the vagus affect the coordination of the central nervous system, and in particular, communication between various skeletal muscles and the respiratory center. Submitted 6 May 1946.

16/49:72

VINOKUROV, V. A.

USSR/Human and Animal Physiology. Respiration.

T-6

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 12, 1958, 55668.

Author : Vinokurov, B.A.

Inst : Academy of Sciences USSR.

Title : The Role of the Respiratory Center in Regulating  
the Activity of the Cardiovascular System in  
Asphyxia.

Orig Pub: V sb.: Funktsii organizma v usloviyakh izmenennoy  
gazovoy sredy. No 1. M.-L. AN SSSR, 1955, 65-67.

Abstract: A simultaneous registration was made on young dogs,  
subjected to a morphine narcosis, of the blood pres-  
sure in thoracic respiration, of the mouth base  
movements, and of the digastic muscle contractions  
with the thorax closed and opened. Before and after  
the diaphragmal nerves and the abdominal muscles

Card : 1/3

USSR/Human and Animal Physiology. Respiration.

T-6

Abs Jour: ~~Ref~~ Zhur-Biol., No 12, 1958, 55668.

These respiratory impulses affect also the centers of the heart's sympathetic innervation, as well as of the vessels by increasing the respiratory waves of the blood pressure, and by raising the tonus of the abdominal cavity vessels. The central end irritations of the vagus nerves weaken the irradiation of excitations originating in the respiratory center, as well as their effect upon the motor centers of the skeletal muscles and upon the cardiovascular centers.

Card : 3/3

ISKOVICH, A.A.; VINOGRADOVA, V.A.

Establishing permissible concentration of phenols in the  
atmosphere. Okhr. prir. Sib. i Dal' Vost. no.1:139-145 '62.  
(MIRA 17:5)

RUSSIAN, V.I.: Welding, V.I., doctor techn. sci.,  
retiree.

[Residual welding stresses and the strength of welded  
joints] Ostatochnye svarochnye napriazheniya i prochnost'  
soedinenii. Moskva, Mashinostroyeniye, 1964. 93 p.  
(RUS 27:6)

VINOKUROV, I.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; GAZARYAN, A.S., inzh.

Residual stresses in thick butt weld joints. Svar. proizv. no.2:  
9-12 F '61. (MIRA 14:1)

1. Moskovskoye vyssheye tekhnicheskoye uchilishche im.Baumana.  
(Welding) (Thermal stresses)

VINOKUROV, V.A.; GAZARYAN, A.S.

Deformations during electric slag welding. Avtom. svar. 13 no.9:3-  
11 S '60. (MIRA 13:10)

1. Moskovskoye vyssheye tekhnicheskoye uchilishche im. Baumana.  
(Electric welding) (Deformations (Mechanics))

*VINOKUROV, V. A.*

137-58-1-833

Translation from. Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 1, p 121 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Vinokurov, V. A.

TITLE: A Method for Determining Three-dimensional Residual Stresses in Very Thick Welds (Metod opredeleniya trekhosnykh ostatochnykh napryazheniy v svarnykh shvakh bol' shoy tolshchiny)

PERIODICAL: V sb.: Prochnost' i avtomatizatsiya svarki (MVTU, 71).  
Moscow, Mashgiz, 1957, pp 25-28

ABSTRACT: Bibliographic entry

~~1. Welds--Stresses--Determination~~

Card 1/1



VINOBUROV, V.A., inzhener.

Carrying capacity of a transverse fillet weld. [Trudy] MVTU  
no.71:20-24 '57. (MIRA 10:7)  
(Shear (Mechanics))

YINOKUROV, V. A.

137-58-3-5153

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 3, p 97 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Yinokurov, V. A.

TITLE: Thermal Processes in Electrical Slag Welding (Teplovyye protsessy pri elektroshtakovoy svarke)

PERIODICAL: V sb.: Prochnost' i avtomatizatsiya svarki. (MVTU, 71).  
Moscow, Mashgiz, 1957, pp 138-147

ABSTRACT: Analytical functions are presented which describe the liberation and distribution of heat in electrical slag welding. It is assumed, for purposes of calculation, that the product being welded has no gaps. For purposes of convenience in mathematical operations the calculations deal with four independent sources (S) of heat: slag (1) and metal (2) that liberate heat uniformly throughout the thickness of the unit, and slag (3) and metal (4) that serve as heat concentrators. Source 1, in turn, is subdivided into two sources separated from each other by a distance equivalent to the width of the molten pool. The liberation of heat from all S's is assumed to be of constant intensity. With the aid of N. N. Rykalin's equation (dealing with the limiting state of a temperature zone in the pro-

Card 1/2

137-58-3-5153

Thermal Processes in Electrical Slag Welding

cess of heating a plate by a linear S of constant intensity  $g$  moving with a constant velocity  $v$ ) equations required for the computation of the thermal cycle of points on the plate were derived for each S. A temperature change occurring at any point of the plate during the process of electrical slag welding is regarded as a summation of temperature changes due to the action of each S. The method proposed has not been experimentally verified by the author.

A. P.

Card 2/2

VINOKUROV, V.A.

135-58-4-9/19

AUTHORS: Kurkin, S.A., Candidate of Technical Sciences, and Vino-  
kurov, V.A., Engineer

TITLE: Deformations of Thin-Sheet Elements in Welding, and How to  
Avoid Them (Deformatsii tonkolistovykh elementov pri svarke  
i bor'ba s nimi)

PERIODICAL: Svarochnoye Proizvodstvo, 1958, Nr 4, pp 28-31 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Welding deformations in thin-sheet elements can be classi-  
fied as: a) shrinkage deformation, b) local warping,  
and c) general warping. The authors suggest an energy  
method of pre-calculating the general warping in a parti-  
cular case of welding two sheets of equal dimensions.  
The presented formulas permit the estimation of the in-  
fluence of the basic factors on the magnitude of linear  
shrinkage of the seam and the warping of thin-sheet ele-  
ments. The theoretic data was verified by experiments.  
It is recommended to use a subsequent as well as a pre-  
liminary rolling to eliminate deformations produced by  
annular welds. This rolling method was described pre-  
viously [Ref 1]. The pressing of weld spots is another  
effective method of eliminating deformation in spot weld-

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135-58-4-9/19

Deformations of Thin-Sheet Elements in Welding, and How to Avoid Them

ing. The article includes a brief description and a schematic drawing of a simple rolling machine devised at the Svarochnaya laboratoriya MVTU imeni Baumana (Welding Laboratory MVTU imeni Bauman).

There are 3 figures, 4 graphs, 1 table, 1 schematic drawing and 5 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: MVTU imeni Bauman

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 2/2

VINOKUROV, V.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; U TSZU-TSZYAN' [Wu TSi-chien], inzh.

Residual stresses in thick welded joints with weld and base  
metal having dissimilar properties. Svar. proizv. no.9:8-11  
S '62. (MIRA 15:12)

1. Moskovskoye vyssheye tekhnicheskoye uchilishche im. Baumana.  
(Electric welding) (Thermal stresses)

VINOKUROV, V. A., kand. tekhn. nauk; GAZARYAN, A. S., inzh.

Residual stresses in very thick laminated seams. Izv. vys.  
ucheb. zav.; mashinostr. no.7:147-154 '62.  
(MIRA 16:1)

1. Moskovskoye vyssheye tekhnicheskoye uchilishche imeni  
Baumana.

(Welding) (Strains and stresses)

ACC NR: AP6033029 (N) SOURCE CODE: UR/0135/66/000/010/0016/0019

AUTHOR: Kurkin, S. A. (Doctor of technical sciences); Vinokurov, V. A. (Doctor of technical sciences); Sagalevich, V. M (Candidate of technical sciences)

ORG: Moscow Higher Technical School im. N. E. Bauman (MVTU)

TITLE: Certain specific features of welding circumferential joints of aluminum-alloy shells

SOURCE: Svarochnoye proizvodstvo, no. 10, 1966, 16-19

TOPIC TAGS: thin shell structure, seam welding, weld defect, aluminum alloy, welding, aluminum alloy welding, aluminum circumferential shell welding/AMg6 alloy, ATsM alloy

ABSTRACT: Circumferential welds in thin-wall steel shells have a tendency to shrink. (see Fig. 1). This, however, can be corrected either by planishing of finished welds or by a slight flaring of the faying ends prior to welding, if planishing, for some reason, cannot be applied. In the case of aluminum or aluminum alloys, the weld has a tendency to expand. This cannot be corrected by a post-welding treatment. However, the deformations can be controlled by holding the edges down with hoops located at a distance of 20-30 mm from the weld or, even better, with a clamping roller which travels along the joint in front of the welding arc. The best way,

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UDC: 621.791.75 : 546.293 : 669.715



ACC NR: AP6033029

however, is to weld from the inside with a rigid backing ring on the outside. This method also helps to reduce the stresses in the weld roots and creates more favorable conditions of service in circumferential welds exposed to bending moments. Orig. art. has: 7 figures.

SUB CODE: 13, 11/ SUBM DATE: none / OTH REF: 002

Card 2/2

IVANOV, Yu.N. (Moskva); VINOKUROV, V.A. (Moskva)

Optimal motion in a central field in case of a given time for power  
source operation. Izv. AN SSSR. Mekh. no.5:56-59 S-0 '65. (MIRA 18:10)

L 1397-66 EIT(1)/EWP(m)/FS(v)-3/EWA(d) GW	
ACC NR: AP5026929	SOURCE CODE: UR/0373/65/000/005/0056/0059
AUTHOR: <u>Ivanov, Yu. N. (Moscow); Vinokurov, V. A. (Moscow)</u>	
ORG: none	
TITLE: Optimum motion in a central field when the operation time of a propulsion system is given	
SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya. Mekhanika, no. 5, 1965, 56-59	
TOPIC TAGS: optimum orbit transfer, power limited propulsion system, optimum control, boundary value problem	
<p>ABSTRACT: The variational problem of the optimum transfer of a spacecraft with a power-limited propulsion system between two circular orbits in a central field is solved under the assumption that the propulsion system is ideally controllable and its time of operation, which is smaller than the time of motion, is given. The optimization problem consists in deriving control functions for transferring the maximum useful load between two circular orbits. Mathematically, this problem requires minimization of the performance integral</p> $J = \int_0^T a^2 dt, \quad (1)$ <p>where <math>a^2 dt</math> is the thrust acceleration subject to constraints imposed by the equation</p>	
Card 1/2	

L 4397-66

ACC NR: AP5026929

tions of motion. To solve the variational problem, a relay function  $\delta(t)$  is introduced which assumes the value 1 when the propulsion system is switched on and 0 when the propulsion is shut off. To determine the optimum control functions  $a(t)$ ,  $\theta(t)$  ( $\theta$  is the angle of the thrust vector with the O x-axis) and  $\delta(t)$ , the Hamiltonian is formed which then serves as the basis on which the variational problem is reduced to solving a boundary-value problem for ordinary differential equations. The method for solving the boundary-value problem is described and calculation results for one particular case are presented. Orig. art. has: 3 figures and 12 formulas. [LK]

SUB CODE: PR, SV./ SUBM DATE: 28Jul64/ ORIG REF: 001/ OTH REF: 000/ ATD PRESS:

4126

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